

NAG C Library Function Document

nag_zgb_norm (f16ubc)

1 Purpose

nag_zgb_norm (f16ubc) calculates the value of the 1-norm, the infinity-norm, the Frobenius norm, or the maximum absolute value of the elements, of a complex m by n band matrix.

2 Specification

```
void nag_zgb_norm (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_NormType norm, Integer m, Integer n,
                  Integer kl, Integer ku, const Complex ab[], Integer pdab, double *r,
                  NagError *fail)
```

3 Description

Given a complex m by n band matrix, A , nag_zgb_norm (f16ubc) calculates one of the values given by

$$\|A\|_1 = \max_j \sum_{i=1}^m |a_{ij}|,$$

$$\|A\|_\infty = \max_i \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|,$$

$$\|A\|_F = \left(\sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n |a_{ij}|^2 \right)^{1/2},$$

$$\max_{i,j} |a_{ij}|.$$

4 References

The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001) www.netlib.org/blas/blast-forum

5 Parameters

1: **order** – Nag_OrderType *Input*

On entry: the **order** parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., row-major ordering or column-major ordering. C language defined storage is specified by **order = Nag_RowMajor**. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.

Constraint: **order = Nag_RowMajor** or **Nag_ColMajor**.

2: **norm** – Nag_NormType *Input*

On entry: specifies the value to be returned:

if **norm = Nag_OneNorm**, the 1-norm;

if **norm = Nag_InfNorm**, the infinity-norm;

if **norm = Nag_FrobeniusNorm**, the Frobenius (or Euclidean) norm;

if **norm = Nag_MaxNorm**, the value $\max_{i,j} |a_{ij}|$ (not a norm).

Constraint: **norm = Nag_OneNorm, Nag_InfNorm, Nag_FrobeniusNorm** or **Nag_MaxNorm**.

- 3: **m** – Integer *Input*
On entry: m , the number of rows of the matrix A .
Constraint: $m \geq 0$.
- 4: **n** – Integer *Input*
On entry: n , the number of columns of the matrix A .
Constraint: $n \geq 0$.
- 5: **kl** – Integer *Input*
On entry: k_l , the number of sub-diagonals within the band of A .
Constraint: $kl \geq 0$.
- 6: **ku** – Integer *Input*
On entry: k_u , the number of super-diagonals within the band of A .
Constraint: $ku \geq 0$.
- 7: **ab**[*dim*] – const Complex *Input*
Note: the dimension, *dim*, of the array **ab** must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdab} \times \mathbf{n})$ when **order** = **Nag_ColMajor** and at least $\max(1, \mathbf{pdab} \times \mathbf{m})$ when **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**.
On entry: the m by n matrix A . This is stored as a notional two-dimensional array with row elements or column elements stored contiguously. The storage of elements a_{ij} , for $i = 1, \dots, m$ and $j = \max(1, i - k_l), \dots, \min(n, i + k_u)$, depends on the **order** parameter as follows:
 if **order** = **Nag_ColMajor**, a_{ij} is stored as **ab**[($j - 1$) \times **pdab** + **kl** + **ku** + $i - j$];
 if **order** = **Nag_RowMajor**, a_{ij} is stored as **ab**[($i - 1$) \times **pdab** + **kl** + $j - i$].
- 8: **pdab** – Integer *Input*
On entry: the stride separating row or column elements (depending on the value of **order**) of the matrix A in the array **ab**.
Constraint: $\mathbf{pdab} \geq \mathbf{kl} + \mathbf{ku} + 1$.
- 9: **r** – double * *Output*
On exit: the value of the norm specified by **norm**.
- 10: **fail** – NagError * *Input/Output*
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

NE_INT

On entry, **m** = *<value>*.

Constraint: $m \geq 0$.

On entry, **n** = *<value>*.

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

On entry, **kl** = *<value>*.

Constraint: $kl \geq 0$.

On entry, **ku** = *<value>*.

Constraint: $ku \geq 0$.

On entry, **pdab** = $\langle value \rangle$.
Constraint: **pdab** \geq **kl** + **ku** + 1.

NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter $\langle value \rangle$ had an illegal value.

7 Accuracy

The BLAS standard requires accurate implementations which avoid unnecessary over/underflow (see section 2.7 of The BLAS Technical Forum Standard (2001)).

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

None.
